Roads Western Australia roadside stops.

Asbestos dust may cause cancer when inhaled.

MORE INFORMATION

National park rangers are always pleased to help make your visit more enjoyable and informative. Do not hesitate to contact them if you require any information or assistance.

Many toilets in national parks use a composting or biolytic

system which are destroyed by the chemicals in black-water.

Please use sullage points provided in the towns and some Main

Karijini National Park Visitor Centre

Telephone: (08) 9189 8121 Fax: (08) 9189 8113 Karijini National Park PO Box 29, Tom Price WA 6751

Ranger (emergency only) Telephone: (08) 9189 8147

Pilbara Regional Office

Mardie Road, Karratha Industrial Estate PO Box 835, Karratha WA 6714 Telephone: (08) 9182 2000 Fax: (08) 9144 1118

State Operational Headquarters

17 Dick Perry Avenue, Kensington WA 6151 Locked Bag 104, Bentley Delivery Centre Bentley WA 6983

Telephone: (08) 9334 0333

www.dec.wa.gov.au

Photos - DEC, Tourism Western Australia and Samille Mitchell

This document is available in alternative formats on request.





Information current at May 2013



Information and walk trail guide





RECYCLE Please return unwanted brochures to distribution points

Visitor fees

Department of Environment and Conservation (DEC) offices or Pilbara Visitor Centres. If staying at Karijini Eco Retreat, you are still required to pay a park entry fee. At the camping areas, please deposit your camping fees in the collection boxes provided.

Park visitor fees apply in Karijini National Park. They help maintain

and enhance the park. Please pay your entry fees at the entrance stations, Karijini Visitor Centre, or before visiting the park at

Traditional owners

The Banyjima, Yinhawangka and Kurrama Aboriginal people, the traditional owners, call the Hamersley Range Karijini. The name of the park recognises the historic and continuing significance of the area to these people, and their involvement in park management.

Evidence of their ancestors' occupation dates back more than 30,000 years. During that period, Aboriginal land management practices such as 'fire stick farming', resulting in a diversity of vegetation types and stages of succession, have helped determine the range of plants and animals found in the park

Fern Pool and Circular Pool are special places to local Aboriginal people. To protect the heritage and cultural and environmental values of these areas, we ask that visitors enter the water quietly and avoid making loud noises. Access to the area above Fern Pool is not permitted so please do not climb or jump from the waterfall (or the ledges surrounding Circular Pool). Relax quietly and enjoy these unique areas.

Climate

The park is situated just north of the Tropic of Capricorn and its climate can best be described as tropical semi-desert. A highly variable, mainly summer rainfall of 250-350 millimetres is often associated with thunderstorms and cyclones producing spectacular water flows in the gorges. During summer, temperatures frequently top 40 degrees Celsius, ideal conditions for swimming in the gorge pools. Winter days are warm and clear but nights are cold and sometimes frosty.

Geology

The banded iron formations exposed in many of the rocks in and around the gorges originated more than 2,500 million years ago as iron and silica-rich sediment deposits accumulated on an ancient sea floor. Over millions of years these deposits were transformed by the pressure of further sediments laid down over them, forcing trapped water to be driven out and gradually turning the sediments into tough, well-bedded rock.

Horizontal compression later caused the rocks to buckle, developing numerous vertical cracks, before lifting to the surface

A sharp drop in sea level caused the rivers to cut down rapidly through the land, creating sheer-sided gorges. This, combined with millions of years of erosion, has sculptured the rocks into the present landscape.

The gorges

In the north of the park, small creek beds, hidden in the rolling hillsides and dry for most of the year, suddenly plunge down 100-metre chasms. Farther downstream the gorges become wider and their sides change from sheer cliff to steep slopes of loose rock. Finally the drainage systems emerge as alluvial fans into the Fortescue Valley

The gorges provide a refreshing retreat from the arid plains above. Take one of the many walk trails and experience the spectacular scenery, dramatic waterfalls and clear fresh pools.

Wildlife

Visitor Centre

Access in the park

Care for the park

firearms are not permitted.

sunscreen, as they kill aquatic life.

solid fuel fires are not permitted.

Centre and the Dales Day Use area.

surfaces signposted for this purpose.

the Shire of Ashburton on (08) 9188 4444.

The Visitor Centre provides information and interpretation

souvenirs, cool drinks and ice are available and there are

on the natural and cultural history of the park. Camera film,

showers, toilets and a public telephone adjacent to the car park.

There is assisted wheelchair access to Junction Pool Lookout, the Weano Day Use area and Circular Pool Lookout. Independent

wheelchair access is available at the Karijini National Park Visitor

Driving or walking on spinifex kills plants and upsets important

closures. Check travel conditions with DEC on (08) 9182 2000 or

habitats. Please drive, walk and camp only on the hardpan

BE CAUTIOUS: Stay on roads and trails to protect the

environment. Wet roads are slippery and easily damaged.

Washouts can occur during heavy rain, resulting in road

BE KIND: Do not disturb animals, plants, or rocks. Pets and

BE WISE: Do not contaminate pools with soap, detergents or

BE CAREFUL: Avoid the risk of bushfire. Use the gas barbecues

provided, or your portable cooking appliance. Ground fires and

BE CLEAN: Go to the toilet before entering the gorges. Carry a

rubbish bag and leave nothing but your footprints.

Wildflowers vary in abundance with the seasons and from year to year but there is always something interesting in flower. Many plants in the park bloom profusely after rains. In the cooler months the land is covered with numerous yellow flowering sennas (cassias) and acacias, northern bluebells and purple mulla mullas.

Birds are many and varied, especially in fringing vegetation along pools and streams. If you are observant, you may encounter red kangaroos, euros (kangaroos that are common to the rocky country), Rothschild's rock wallabies, bats and wild dogs.

Many species of native rodents and native marsupial carnivores such as the Pilbara ninguai are resident, but nocturnal and shy. Reptiles and amphibians such as frogs, geckoes, goannas, dragons, legless lizards, pythons and other snakes abound within the park.

Two interesting wildlife homes are the large termite mounds, scattered throughout the hummock grasslands, and the rock piles of the pebble mound mouse. Look for mouse mounds on stony slopes, but please do not disturb them.

Facilities

Usitor Centre

The Karijini Visitor Centre is located just off Banjima Drive. It is open from 9am to 4pm from April to October and 10am to 2pm from November to March.

Camping

Only camp at those sites indicated on the map. Caravan, bus, and generator sites are available at Dales Campground and Karijini Eco Retreat. Facilities include bush toilets, gas barbecues and picnic tables.

Wild dogs are common around the Dales campground. They have learnt to scavenge for food and can become aggressive. Never feed wild dogs, supervise your children at all times, walk in groups and store your food and iceboxes in your vehicle.

Please take your rubbish with you and turn generators off between 9pm and 9am.

Telephones

Public telephones are located at Karijini Eco Retreat and the Karijini Visitor Centre. Mobile phones do not work in Karijini National Park and satellite phones do not work in the gorges. There is an emergency radio located at Weano Day Use area.

🔼 Water

Untreated water is available from tanks located at those sites indicated on the map. Carry plenty of water at all times.

E Lookouts

Please stay behind the barriers. Never throw rocks into the gorges, as people may be walking below.

Walking

Choose an appropriate trail presented in the guide overleaf to help you to explore the park.

- Stay on established trails and stand well back from cliff edges. Cliffs are about 100 metres high, often with loose rocks near the edge.
- If hiking overnight, let a responsible person know.
- Take care in the gorges. Rocks are smooth and slippery, particularly when wet.

WARNING! Flash floods can occur. Do not enter the gorges if there is rain in the area. If you are already in the gorges, leave as quickly as you can.

BE PREPARED: Wear sturdy walking shoes, and take plenty

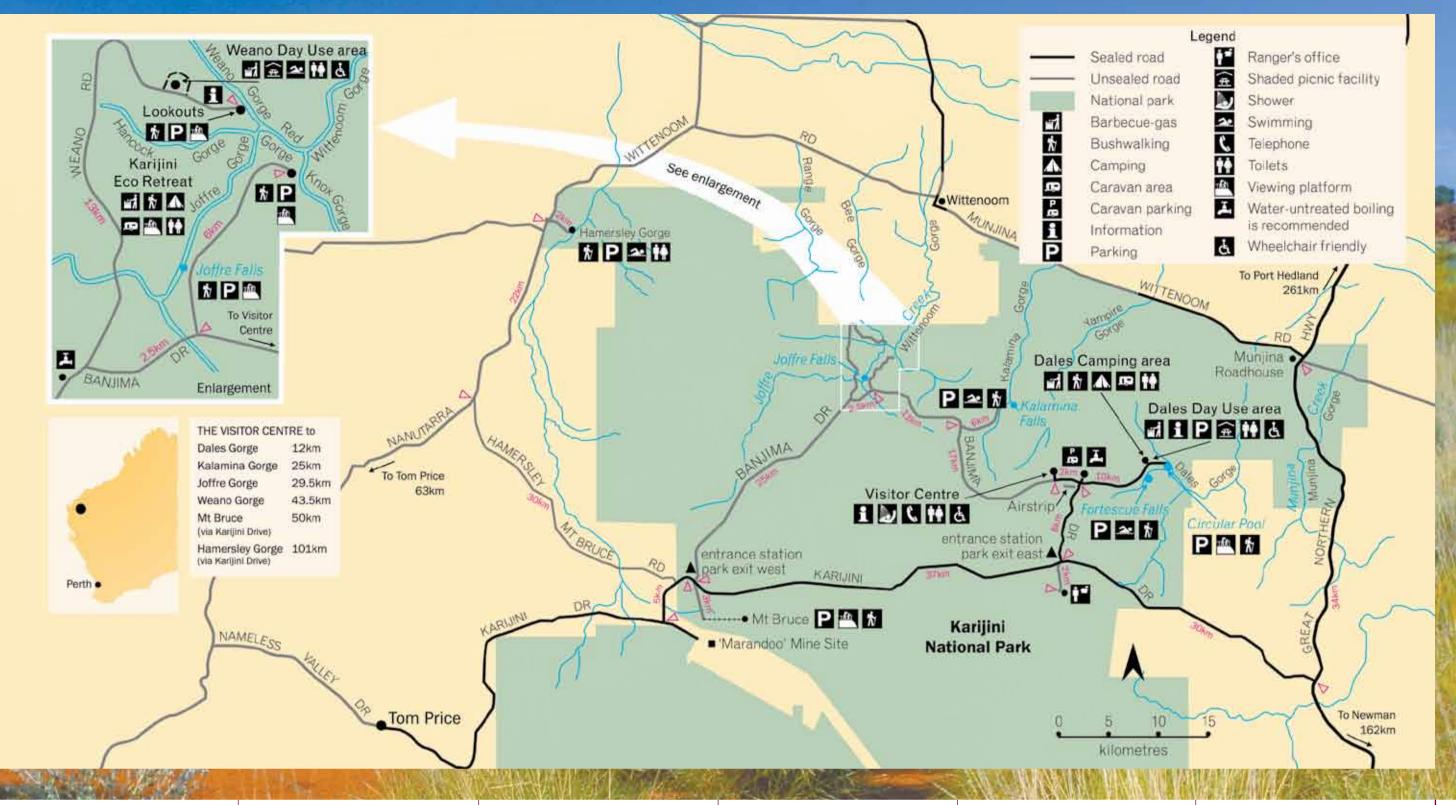
Swimming

Gorge pools can be deep, shaded and very cold, while others, exposed to the sun, may be pleasant places for a

- The water is extremely cold, especially between April and September, and hypothermia can occur.
- Do not dive or jump into water.







BUSHWALKS IN THE PILBARA

For more detailed information on walks contact DEC's Pilbara office.

TRAIL GRADES



These walks are generally well marked with hardened surfaces, and may have steps. No experience is required. Users are expected to exercise normal care regarding personal

Class 3

Users require a moderate level of fitness. Trails may be slightly modified and may include a combination of steps, hardened sections and unstable surfaces. Weather can affect safety.





natural environments. Terrain is rough. A high level of fitness is required. Users must be prepared and self reliant, with advanced outdoor knowledge. Weather can affect

MOUNT BRUCE (Punurrunha)

The second tallest peak in WA lies about 36 kilometres west of the park office. Here is a great opportunity to view the Marandoo Mine Site.

Marandoo View 500 metres - 30 minutes return

Follow the path from the Mount Bruce car park to view the Marandoo Mine Site. Excavation of ore for overseas markets began in July 1994.

Honey Hakea Track 4.6 kilometres -3 hours return

From the car park at the base of Mount Bruce, take the path to Marandoo View. From here, follow the track to another vantage point further up the mountain. See the vegetation patterns of the mulga on the flats surrounding Mount Bruce.

Fern Pool

DALES GORGE

waterfalls.

See the tranquil sunken gardens, deep sedge-

Gorge Rim 2 kilometres – 1.5 hours return

Follow the rim of the gorge between Circular

Fortescue Falls Track. White-barked snappy

shelter on the cliff face beneath the track.

Enjoy the wonderful views into Dales Gorge.

Fortescue Falls 800 metres - 1 hour return

Reach the waterfall by following the trail

narrow section of the trail.

from the car park, negotiating steps and a

gums grow in the car park around the edge of

the gorge and shady groves of native cypress

Pool Lookout and the beginning of the

fringed pools, and permanently cascading

Circular Pool 800 metres – 2 hours return descending the steps down a steep slope to the bottom of the gorge. Ramble along the gorge floor to the fern-framed pool. Take a

Dales Gorge 2 kilometres – 3 hours return Experience gorge wildlife at close quarters from this creek-side trail between Fortescue Falls and Circular Pool Trail.

Karijini walk trail guide delping you make the right choice

JOFFRE AND KNOX GORGES

Appreciate the power of water shaping the landscape. There are impressive waterfalls, and deep, cold pools. See for yourself how

Joffre Lookout

100 metres – 10 minutes return

Rock steps take you down to the lookout to view this spectacular curved waterfall forming a natural amphitheatre, which is especially impressive after rain.

Knox Lookout

As you take the steps down to the lookout, watch the view spread out in the distance. It's spectacular in the early morning or late afternoon light.

HANCOCK AND WEANO **GORGES**

Experience the spectacular views, precipitous cliffs and narrow passages. Banded iron rock formations tower over the valleys far below.

Oxer and Junction Pool lookouts 800 metres - 30 minutes return

From the Weano Recreational Area follow the trail to Junction Pool Lookout for breathtaking views into Hancock Gorge, 100 metres below you. If continuing to Oxer Lookout, please see below.

Oxer Lookout

From Junction Pool Lookout to Oxer Lookout the trail is narrow with loose rocks in patches. Please take great care.

Upper Weano 1 kilometre - 45 minutes

From the information shelter, take the trail north towards the top of Weano Gorge.

Once you enter the gorge there are obstacles. Follow the trail down the gorge and return when you reach the steps.

Lower Weano 1 kilometre - 1 hour return gorge. Return when the trail classification

Hancock Gorge 135 metres 10 minutes return

Hancock Gorge 200 metres – 45 minutes

This leads from the top of the ladder down to 'Kermits Pool'.

Handrail Pool, Weano Gorge

150 metres - 30 minutes return

Access to Handrail Pool begins at the end of the lower Weano Gorge Trail. Use the handrail to climb down.

KALAMINA GORGE

This is great introduction to the gorge system with its delightful trail and picnicking area.

HAMERSLEY GORGE

This gorge has dramatic colours, textures and reflections.

Hamersley Waterfall 400 metres -1 hour return

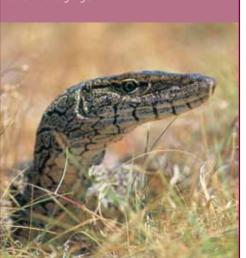
This track begins as steps, allowing access for most visitors. Ever-changing light and astonishing colours and reflections highlight the complex geological forces in this spectacular landscape.

Kalamina Gorge 3 kilometres – 3 hours

Descend the steps into the gorge to explore

Hamersley Gorge 1 kilometre – 3 hours return

Follow this route upstream past still pools and polished boulders to 'The Grotto' — a fern-lined chasm, well hidden in the eastern





Mount Bruce Summit 9 kilometres – 6 hours return

Use the early morning hours to take the route that leads up the western face of the mountain, past Marandoo View. This challenging walk will reward you with spectacular views of the landscape.

the gorges were formed.

300 metres - 15 minutes return

Knox Gorge

2 kilometres – 3 hours return

As you climb down and scramble along the gorge, notice the fig trees clinging to the richly coloured walls. Skirt several pools and return from the 'Gorge Risk Area' sign.

Joffre Falls 3 kilometres – 2 hours return Follow the marked route into the bottom of the gorge to the first pool downstream of the waterfall.